## IN THE CLAIMS

- 1. (Currently Amended) A milling head for milling chamfers, in particular for a mobile chamfer mill, with the milling head comprising successively arranged seats (5) for cutting dies, wherein the seats (6-8; 23-26; 31-33; 37-40) have are mounted in a position in which the cutting dies (3; 28; 31) provided, which have a wedge angle of 40-75°, in each case operate on average with a positive rake angle of at least 6° and with a clearance angle of at least 6°, and, for a fitting with cutting dies (3; 28; 41) in an offset arrangement of the cutting edges, the seats are provided in mounted such a way that in each case only one cutting edge length, which amounts at most to 70% of the overall cutting edge length required according to the chamfer width, is effective.
- 2. (Currently Amended) The milling head as claimed in claim 1, comprising an effective cutting edge length of the cutting dies (3; 28; 41) provided of at most 30 mm, preferably at most 15 mm, in particular at most 12 mm.
- 3. (Currently Amended) The milling head as claimed in claim 1, wherein the cutting edge or cutting edges (17) of the each cutting dies (3; 41) provided is or are angled obliquely (49) at

its or their ends in each case end by means of a chamfer (50) of the cutting die.

- 4. (Previously Amended) The milling head as claimed in claim 1, comprising an arrangement of the seats (47; 48) such that the cutting edges (17) are oriented obliquely at a small angle with respect to the generatrix of the milling head (44).
- 5. (Currently Amended) The milling head as claimed in claim 1, wherein the cutting dies <del>provided</del> are <del>designed as</del> reversible dies (3; 28; 41) and, on the whole, are parallelepipedal-shaped with two wide sides, and the seats each have a bearing surface (4) per one on a wide side thereof and a supporting surface  $(9)_{T}$  for transmitting the thrust force, for a narrow side, or vice versa, and the reversible dies (3; 28; 41) have, on the side facing away from the supporting surface (9), a groove which forms two faces (10) and which, if appropriate with the exception of any indentations and/or protuberances of their margins forming the cutting edges, has a continuously uniform cross section mirrorsymmetrical with respect to the center plane of the reversible die, the two faces (10) being planar and preferably being at an angle of 80 to 160° to one another or being concave correspondingly to a groove of round cross section.

- 6. (Currently Amended) The milling head as claimed in claim 1, wherein the reversible dies (28; 41) provided have on their wide sides recesses (29; 42) interrupting the cutting edge or cutting edges (30; 43).
- 7. (Currently Amended) The milling head as claimed in claim 1, wherein the seat designs (2; 21; 47; 48) extends over the entire generatrix of the conical or cylindrical milling head (1; 20; 44), and different seats (6-8; 23-26) for the cutting dies (3) have differently arranged threaded bores (5) for a fastening screw (16) of the cutting die (3).
- 8. (Previously Presented) The milling head as claimed in claim 1, wherein, on a conical or cylindrical milling head (34; 44), the seats (37-40; 47; 48) are arranged in two coaxial rows, and the milling head (34; 44) is composed of two segments (35; 36; 45; 46) in each case having one of the rows.
- 9. (Previously Presented) The milling head as claimed in claim 1, wherein, on a conical milling head (34), the seats (37-40) are arranged in two coaxial rows, and the outer row has twice as many seats (37; 38) as the inner row.

- 10. (Previously Presented) The milling head as claimed in claim 1, wherein it is provided with a guide mounted in its vicinity on the respective machine (51; 62) and taking the form of stops (54; 56; 63; 64) which are assigned to the two surfaces 57; 60) of the workpiece which delimit the chamfer (49; 66).
- 11. (Previously Presented) The milling head as claimed in claim 10, wherein, where a cylindrical milling head (2) is concerned, the stops are sliding strips (63; 64) or strips (63; 64) provided with rollers, or the like.
- 12. (Previously Presented) The milling head as claimed in claim 10, wherein, where a conical milling head (1) is concerned, one stop is a disk (56) preferably axially displaceable and fixable with respect to the milling head (1), and the other stop is a freely rotatable roller (54) which preferably has only a narrow annular stop surface at its axial end facing the milling head (1).